

COUNT ONE

(Conspiracy to Violate the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and the Travel Act)

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The Grand Jury charges:

#### GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

At all times relevant to this Indictment:

The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as 1. amended, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78dd-1, et seq. (hereafter, the "FCPA") was enacted by Congress for the purpose of, among other things, making it unlawful for United States persons, businesses, and residents, directly or indirectly through an agent, to use any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce, including the United States mails, in furtherance of an offer, promise, authorization, or payment of money or anything else of value to a foreign government official to obtain or retain

business for, or direct business to, any person.

2. The Travel Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1952, was enacted by Congress for the purpose of, among other things, making it unlawful for United States persons and businesses to travel in interstate or foreign commerce or use the mail or any facility in interstate commerce to promote, manage, establish, carry on, or facilitate the promotion, management, establishment or carrying on of any unlawful activity, including violations of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

#### BACKGROUND

### Azerbaijan and Privatization

3. The Republic of Azerbaijan ("Azerbaijan") is located in the Caspian Sea region in southwestern Asia and borders Russia, Georgia, Armenia, Iran, and the Caspian Sea. Formerly a Republic within the Soviet Union, Azerbaijan has been a sovereign nation since 1991, with its capital in Baku. Azerbaijan has substantial deposits of oil and natural gas within its territory, both on land and offshore under the Caspian Sea. Azerbaijan's oil and gas reserves, as well as its oil and gas exploration, production, and refining facilities are held by the State Oil Company of the Azerbaijan Republic ("SOCAR").

4. In the 1990's, Azerbaijan undertook to privatize certain of its state-owned enterprises. The privatization process in Azerbaijan was governed principally by the State

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Privatization Program from 1995 to 1998, which specified the state-owned companies that would be privatized and how those companies would be privatized. The privatization process was administered principally by Azerbaijan's State Property Committee (the "SPC"). By law, certain industries such as the oil industry were deemed strategic enterprises that could only be privatized at the direction of the president of Azerbaijan. Thus, SOCAR was one of the state-owned companies that could only be privatized with a special decree from the president of Azerbaijan.

As part of Azerbaijan's privatization program, 5. each of its citizens received at no cost a voucher booklet comprised of four voucher coupons. The voucher booklets and coupons were bearer instruments, freely tradable, and could be used to bid for shares of privatized enterprises at auction. Typically, some shares of an enterprise that was being privatized were sold for vouchers at auction, other shares were sold for cash at auction, and still other shares were reserved for sale to the enterprise's employees. Foreigners intending to participate in privatization or use vouchers at auction were required to purchase instruments called "options" - - specifically, in the ratio of one option for each voucher coupon held. The SPC sold options at an official government price. Vouchers and options typically were bought and sold using United States currency.

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#### THE RELEVANT PARTIES, ENTITIES AND OTHER INDIVIDUALS

#### The Investment Consortium

6. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, was a Czech national, an Irish citizen, and a resident of the Bahamas. KOZENY held the following positions: (1) President and Chairman of the Board of Oily Rock Group Ltd. ("Oily Rock"); and (2) President and Chairman of the Board of Minaret Group Ltd. ("Minaret"). KOZENY was, through various investment vehicles, also a shareholder in Oily Rock, and the principal owner of Minaret. KOZENY exercised effective control over Oily Rock and Minaret. KOZENY was an agent of Oily Rock's shareholders and Oily Rock's and Minaret's co-investors, most of whom were American citizens and "domestic concerns," in connection with an investment in Azeri privatization vouchers and options. As such, KOZENY was an agent of "domestic concerns," as that term is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A).

7. Oily Rock was a corporation organized under the laws of the British Virgin Islands with its principal place of business in Baku, Azerbaijan. Oily Rock invested in Azeri privatization vouchers and options for the primary purpose of acquiring at auction a controlling interest in SOCAR and, to a lesser extent, several other valuable Azeri State assets. Oily Rock was created by VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, in approximately July 1997. Thereafter, Oily Rock issued shares of

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its stock to various individuals, including FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and entities. Oily Rock also entered into coinvestment agreements with institutional investors (hereafter the "co-investors"), whereby the parties agreed to pursue a joint investment strategy in acquiring, safeguarding, and exercising at auction Azeri privatization vouchers and options for the primary objective of acquiring a controlling interest in SOCAR and, to a lesser extent, other valuable Azeri State assets.

8. Minaret was a corporation organized under the laws of the British Virgin Islands with its principal place of business in Baku, Azerbaijan. Minaret engaged in various investment banking activities, including the acquisition and safeguarding of Azeri privatization vouchers and options on behalf of the defendants, Oily Rock, its shareholders, and its co-investors. To this end, Minaret was a party to the coinvestment agreement between Oily Rock and the co-investors. Minaret was created by VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, in approximately July 1997. KOZENY was the President and Chairman of the Board of Minaret, as well as Minaret's principal owner, and he exercised effective control over Minaret. Together, the defendants, Oily Rock, Minaret, Oily Rock's shareholders, and the co-investors will be referred to hereafter as the "investment consortium."

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9. Omega Advisors, Inc. was a hedge fund, organized as a corporation under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business in New York, New York. On or about March 24, 1998, Omega Advisors, Inc. entered into a letter of intent with Oily Rock and Minaret. Thereafter, on or about April 30, 1998, Omega Advisors, Inc. entered into a co-investment agreement with Oily Rock and Minaret through various of its subsidiaries and affiliates. Omega Advisors, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates (hereafter referred to collectively as "Omega") were "domestic concerns," as that term is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(B).

10. Pharos Capital Management, L.P. was an investment fund organized as limited partnership under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business in New York, New York, until in or about September 1998, and thereafter in Red Bank, New Jersey. Pharos Capital Management, L.P. was in the business of investing in emerging markets. On or about March 24, 1998, Pharos Capital Management, L.P. entered into a letter of intent with Oily Rock and Minaret. Thereafter, on or about April 30, 1998, Pharos Capital Management, L.P. entered into a coinvestment agreement with Oily Rock and Minaret through various of its subsidiaries and affiliates. Pharos Capital Management, L.P. and its subsidiaries and affiliates (hereafter referred to collectively as "Pharos") were "domestic concerns," as that term

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is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(B).

11. Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, was a United States citizen and a principal of Omega Advisors, Inc. until in or about August 1998, and was the sole principal of Pharos. During his tenure with Omega Advisors, Inc., Lewis and others negotiated Omega's and Pharos' Letters of Intent and Co-Investment Agreements with Oily Rock and Minaret. Lewis and others oversaw Omega's investment with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Oily Rock, and Minaret. During the same period, Lewis also managed Pharos' investment with KOZENY, Oily Rock and Minaret. Lewis was a "domestic concern," an officer, director, and shareholder of a "domestic concern," and an agent of a "domestic concern," as those terms are defined in 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A)&(B).

12. Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, was a United States citizen and an employee of Oily Rock and VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant. Farrell worked in Oily Rock's offices in Baku, Azerbaijan, and reported directly to KOZENY. Farrell supervised the purchase of privatization vouchers and options for the investment consortium, and was responsible for maintaining the security of the purchased vouchers and options in a vault controlled by Minaret. Farrell was an agent of various members of the investment consortium, including FREDERICK BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and Omega. As

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such, Farrell was a "domestic concern" and an agent of "domestic concerns," as those terms are defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A)&(B).

13. Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, was a Swiss citizen and a lawyer with the Swiss law firm von Meiss Blum & Partners. Bodmer represented VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, as well as Omega Advisors, Inc. and various other investors in connection with their investment in Azeri privatization vouchers and options with KOZENY, Oily Rock and Minaret. As the lawyer and agent of Omega Advisors, Inc. and various other members of the investment consortium, Bodmer was an agent of a "domestic concern," as that term is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A).

14. Hyposwiss Bank ("Hyposwiss") was a bank chartered under the laws of Switzerland with bank offices located in Switzerland and in Jersey, Channel Islands in the United Kingdom. Von Meiss Blum & Partners maintained operating and escrow accounts with Hyposwiss which were utilized for the receipt and transfer of moneys, primarily in the form of United States currency, from members of the investment consortium, including United States citizens and institutional investors, into Azerbaijan for the purpose of purchasing privatization vouchers and options.

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15. American International Group, Inc. was a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business in New York, New York. American International Group, Inc. was a United States based international insurance and financial services organization. On or about June 4, 1998, American International Group, Inc., through a subsidiary and affiliate called Marlwood Commercial Inc., entered into an investment agreement with Pharos. On or about June 8, 1998, American International Group, Inc., through Marlwood Commercial Inc., entered into an assumption agreement and, thereby, a coinvestment agreement with Oily Rock and Minaret. American International Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates (hereafter referred to collectively as "AIG") were "domestic concerns," and AIG's subsidiaries and affiliates were also "agents of domestic concerns," as those terms are defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(B).

16. DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, was a United States citizen and an employee of AIG responsible for initiating and supervising AIG's investment in Azeri privatization with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Oily Rock and Minaret, from AIG's offices in New York, New York. PINKERTON held the position of Managing Director of AIG Global Investment Corporation and he was in charge of AIG's private equity group. PINKERTON was a "domestic concern," an officer, director and shareholder of a

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"domestic concern," and an agent of a "domestic concern," as those terms are defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A)&(B).

17. FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, was a United States citizen and investor with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, in Azeri privatization. In or about March and July 1998, BOURKE twice invested in Oily Rock through Blueport International, Ltd., an investment vehicle in which BOURKE was the principal shareholder. Other investors were his family members and friends. Blueport International, Ltd. invested approximately \$8,000,000 in Oily Rock shares, approximately \$5,300,000 of which BOURKE invested personally. BOURKE was a "domestic concern," as that term is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(1)(A).

## The Azeri Government Officials

18. Members of the investment consortium made a series of corrupt promises, payments, and offers of payments to senior officials of the Government of Azerbaijan in order to enable the investment consortium, and protect the investment consortium's ability, to purchase vouchers and options and to bid at auction for interests in SOCAR and other valuable Azeri State assets. These senior officials were: (a) a senior official of the Government of Azerbaijan (the "Senior Azeri Official"); (b) a senior official of SOCAR, Azerbaijan's national oil company (the "SOCAR Official"); and (c) two senior officials of the SPC ("SPC

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Official #1" and "SPC Official #2," respectively, and together, the "SPC Officials"). Each of these senior officials of the Government of Azerbaijan was a "foreign official" as that term is defined in the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2(h)(2)(A). These four senior Azeri government officials collectively shall be referred to as the "Azeri Officials" in this Indictment.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE CONSPIRACY TO BRIBE

19. Beginning in or about August 1997 and continuing until in or about 1999, VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury offered, paid and caused to be paid bribes to the Azeri Officials and/or their designees to induce the Azeri Officials to allow the investment consortium to participate in privatization, to ensure the privatization of SOCAR and other valuable Azeri State assets, and to permit the investment consortium to acquire a controlling interest in SOCAR and other valuable Azeri State assets.

20. Beginning in or about July 1997 up to and including in or about July 1998, various individual investors including FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, purchased shares of Oily Rock. BOURKE made his initial investment in Oily Rock, as well as a subsequent investment, based in part on his understanding that VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, had offered,

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paid, authorized the payment of, and would pay bribes to the Azeri Officials to ensure Oily Rock's and the investment consortium's successful participation in the privatization of SOCAR.

Beginning in or about March 1998 up to and 21. including in or about September 1998, Omega, Pharos and AIG entered into various agreements, direct and indirect, with Oily Rock and Minaret in order to participate in Azeri privatization. Omega, Pharos and AIG funded their respective investments in privatization vouchers and options through and in concert with Oily Rock and Minaret. DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury caused their respective institutional employers to make, and recommended that they make, substantial investments with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Oily Rock and Minaret, based in part on their understanding that KOZENY had offered, paid, authorized the payment of, and would pay bribes to the Azeri Officials to ensure Oily Rock and the investment consortium's participation in the privatization of SOCAR.

22. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, acting on his own behalf and as an agent of FREDERIC BOURKE, JR. and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, Omega,

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AIG, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury offered, paid, and authorized the payment of bribes to the Azeri Officials to ensure Oily Rock and the investment consortium's successful participation in the privatization of SOCAR.

23. The bribes offered, paid and authorized to be paid to the Azeri Officials took numerous forms, including the following:

- direct cash payments and wire transfers of millions of dollars to the Azeri Officials and members of their families;
- the promise of two-thirds of the profits realized by Oily Rock from the privatization of SOCAR and other valuable Azeri State assets, for the benefit of the Azeri Officials;
- the transfer of two-thirds of Oily Rock's vouchers and options to the Azeri Officials;
- an agreement to purchase vouchers from SPC Official #2 and his designees, including a relative of SPC Official #2;
- the issuance of approximately \$300,000,000 worth of
   Oily Rock shares to the Azeri Officials;
- jewelry and luxury items valued in excess of \$600,000 to the Azeri Officials; and
- medical expenses, private jet transportation, hotel accommodations, clothing, meals and other gifts and things of value to the Azeri Officials.

#### THE BRIBERY SCHEME

#### I. Background

24. In or about mid-May 1997, while traveling through a number of countries that were former republics of the Soviet

Union, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, identified an investment opportunity in Azerbaijan, specifically, an investment in privatization vouchers.

25. Beginning in or about early July 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, directed Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to purchase privatization vouchers and options on behalf of Oily Rock and Minaret. Thereafter, Farrell and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury made voucher and option purchases principally using United States currency that was flown into Azerbaijan either on KOZENY's private jet or on planes chartered by KOZENY.

#### II. Initial Bribery of an Azeri Government Official

26. In or about July 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury delivered approximately \$10,000 in cash to an unidentified Azeri national in Baku, Azerbaijan in order to secure a meeting with an Azeri government official regarding privatization. After delivering the cash to the unidentified Azeri national in a parking lot outside the Azeri Presidential Apparatus Building, KOZENY, Farrell, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury

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entered the building and proceeded to an office where KOZENY and Farrell participated in a meeting with a person they believed to be an Azeri government official regarding KOZENY's investment in privatization. This person, in substance, offered to help KOZENY in any way he could.

## III. Protection Payments to Chechens

27. In or about July 1997, in an effort to help safeguard vouchers and options that VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury had purchased, KOZENY, Farrell and others known and unknown made approximately thirty (30) separate "protection" payments, totaling more than \$1,000,000, to a Chechen individual in Baku.

## IV. The "Two-Thirds Transfer"

28. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Oily Rock employed several Russian nationals in Baku, Azerbaijan for the purpose of purchasing vouchers and options and providing security services to safeguard vouchers and options. Among the job responsibilities of Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, was the supervision of these Russian nationals, sometimes called "couriers." In or about August 1997, one of these Russian couriers was arrested by Azeri authorities while making a purchase of vouchers. At the time of his arrest, the courier had approximately \$1,000,000 in United States

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currency and \$1,000,000 worth of purchased vouchers in his possession.

In or about August 1997, following the arrest of 29. the courier, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Thomas Farrell, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, participated in a series of meetings with the SOCAR Official and the SPC Officials. Over the course of those meetings, KOZENY and the Azeri Officials reached an agreement whereby KOZENY agreed to transfer two-thirds of Oily Rock's vouchers and options to the Azeri Officials and to give the Azeri Officials two-thirds of the profits arising from the investment consortium's participation in the privatization of SOCAR and other valuable Azeri State assets. KOZENY also agreed to pay an up-front entry fee specified by SPC Official #2. KOZENY further agreed to acquire a minimum of 1,000,000 voucher booklets and 4,000,000 corresponding options. Finally, KOZENY agreed to make voucher purchases from individuals identified by SPC Official #2, including a relative of SPC Official #2, resulting in profits and commissions for SPC Official #2 and members of his family. In return, the Azeri Officials agreed, through SPC Official #2, to allow KOZENY's and Oily Rock's continued acquisition of privatization vouchers and options, to permit KOZENY and the investment consortium to acquire a controlling interest in SOCAR upon its privatization, and to

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relieve KOZENY of his commitment to making protection payments to the Chechens. This arrangement will be referred to hereafter as the "two-thirds transfer."

30. In order to effect the two-thirds transfer, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, directed Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to distribute Oily Rock's vouchers and options evenly among 45 holding companies and to transfer beneficial ownership of 28 of those companies (approximately two-thirds of 45) to three parent companies - - Cudina Financial SA, Estoria Portfolio SA, and Enkridge Holding Inc. - - under the control of the Azeri Officials.

31. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and the Azeri Officials also entered into a sham credit arrangement designed to conceal the transfer of beneficial ownership of the 28 holding companies and the vouchers and options held by those companies to the Azeri Officials. To implement this sham arrangement, KOZENY directed Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to cause an entity called Jemur Corp. to enter into three \$100,000,000 credit facility agreements, one with each of the three parent companies referred to in paragraph 29 above. Each agreement provided that the full loan amount plus interest was to be repaid by the earlier of June 30, 1998 or 30 days after the conversion

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of privatization vouchers into shares of a privatized enterprise. KOZENY also directed Bodmer to execute separate side letter agreements suspending the payment of any interest on the loans.

# V. Raising The Hurdle To Two Million Voucher Booklets

32. In or about December 1997, SPC Official #2 informed Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and through him VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, that the Azeri Officials had doubled, from 1,000,000 to 2,000,000, the minimum number of voucher booklets that Oily Rock had to acquire before bidding for SOCAR or other valuable Azeri State assets, as originally agreed during negotiations over the two-thirds transfer.

### VI. Recruitment of Investors on Wall Street

33. From in or about February 1998 up to and including in or about April 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury met with representatives of various institutional investors including Omega and Pharos, through Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others, for the purpose of soliciting additional investment in Oily Rock and Minaret in Azeri privatization.

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### Omega and Pharos

34. On or about February 27, 1998 and on or about March 11, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury met with representatives of Omega and Pharos, including Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, to solicit Omega's and Pharos' respective investments with KOZENY, Oily Rock and Minaret in Azeri privatization.

35. From on or about February 27, 1998, through in or about the end of March 1998, while conducting due diligence on behalf of Omega and Pharos, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, learned that in connection with Oily Rock's investment in Azeri privatization, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, had entered into a corrupt financial relationship with the Azeri Officials that gave those officials a personal financial incentive to permit KOZENY's successful participation in the privatization of SOCAR. Lewis and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury also learned that KOZENY had obtained non-public information about the Azeri government's intent to privatize SOCAR, including the expected timing of that privatization.

36. On or about March 24, 1998, Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret executed a Letter of Intent in connection with investments by Omega and Pharos in Azeri privatization.

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37. On or about March 30, 1998, Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, met in New York, New York with Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and other representatives of Omega and Pharos to discuss further Omega's and Pharos' respective investments in Azeri privatization.

38. On or about April 30, 1998, Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret executed a Co-Investment Agreement governing investments by Omega and Pharos in Azeri privatization and the acquisition by Omega and Pharos of privatization vouchers and options.

39. Between on or about March 20, 1998, and on or about July 23, 1998, Omega purchased a total of approximately \$126,000,000 in Azeri privatization vouchers and options through its Letter of Intent and Co-Investment Agreement with Oily Rock and Minaret. In order to make these purchases, from on or about March 27, 1998 through on or about June 11, 1998, Omega wired funds from or through accounts in New York, New York to accounts in Switzerland, including accounts at Hyposwiss under the control of VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein.

40. Between on or about March 20, 1998, and on or about June 10, 1998, Pharos purchased a total of approximately \$25,000,000 in Azeri privatization vouchers and options through

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its Letter of Intent and Co-Investment Agreement with Oily Rock and Minaret. In order to make these purchases, from on or about March 27, 1998 through on or about May 8, 1998, Pharos wired funds from an account in New York to an account at Hyposwiss under the control of Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein.

41. Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others at his direction, subsequently withdrew the approximately \$151,000,000 that was invested by Omega and Pharos combined and flew this money by private and charter airplane into Azerbaijan, where it was used primarily to purchase vouchers and options.

## American International Group

42. On or about March 26, 1998, Clayton Lewis, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, contacted DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, to solicit AIG's investment with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Oily Rock, Minaret, Omega, and Pharos in Azeri privatization.

43. On or about April 1, 1998, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, and a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein met with Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to discuss further an investment by AIG with VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Oily Rock, Minaret, Omega, and Pharos in Azeri

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privatization.

44. Between on or about April 1, 1998, and in or about early June 1998, while conducting due diligence on behalf of AIG, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, and a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein learned from Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and another co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein that VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, had entered into a corrupt financial relationship with the Azeri Officials that gave those officials a personal financial incentive to permit KOZENY's successful participation in the privatization of SOCAR. PINKERTON also learned that KOZENY had obtained non-public information about the Azeri government's intent to privatize SOCAR, including the expected timing of that privatization.

45. On or about June 4, 1998, AIG, through its subsidiary Marlwood Commercial, Inc., Pharos, and a subsidiary of Pharos executed an Investment Agreement. On or about June 8, 1998, AIG, through its subsidiary Marlwood Commercial Inc., executed an Assumption Agreement, which conferred upon AIG the rights and obligations of a signatory to the April 30, 1998 coinvestment Agreement among Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret.

46. In or about early June 1998, AIG purchased a total of approximately \$15,000,000 in Azeri privatization vouchers and options through its Assumption Agreement and Co-Investment

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Agreement with Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret. In order to make these purchases, from on or about June 8, 1998 through on or about June 11, 1998, AIG wired funds from or through accounts in New York, New York to accounts in Switzerland, including an account at Hyposwiss, under the control of VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant.

47. Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others at his direction, subsequently withdrew the approximately \$15,000,000 that was invested by AIG and flew this money by private and charter airplane into Azerbaijan, where it was used primarily to purchase vouchers and options.

# VII. Board Positions and The United States Advisory Companies

48. In or about April and May 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, on behalf of Oily Rock, invited FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to serve as members of Oily Rock's Board of Directors and its Executive Committee. As noted earlier, Oily Rock was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and had its principal place of business in Baku, Azerbaijan.

49. In or about April and May 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a

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defendant herein, on behalf of Minaret, invited FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to serve as members of Minaret's Board of Directors and its Executive Committee. As noted earlier, Minaret was incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and had its principal place of business in Baku.

50. In or about May and June 1998, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, informed VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, that they would only serve as board members and officers of affiliated advisory and consulting companies to be created in the United States. BOURKE, Lewis, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury concluded that taking positions as board members and officers of United States companies affiliated with Oily Rock and Minaret would shield them from liability under the FCPA and would insulate them from any responsibility for corrupt payments made by KOZENY, Oily Rock and Minaret.

51. On or about July 7, 1998, Oily Rock U.S. Advisors, Inc. ("ORUSA") was incorporated in the State of Delaware. On or about July 22, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury,

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agreed to serve as members of the Board of Directors of ORUSA. KOZENY agreed to serve as Chairman, and BOURKE and Lewis agreed to serve as Vice-Presidents of the Board of Directors of ORUSA.

52. On or about July 7, 1998, Minaret Group U.S. Advisors, Inc. ("MGUSA") was incorporated in the State of Delaware. On or about July 22, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, agreed to serve as members of the Board of Directors of MGUSA. KOZENY agreed to serve as Chairman, and BOURKE as Vice-President of the Board of Directors of MGUSA.

# VIII. Share Capital Increase for the Benefit of the Azeri Officials

53. In or about June 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, advised FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, that an additional 300,000,000 shares of Oily Rock (with a par value of \$1 per share) would be issued, and that these shares would be transferred to one or more of the Azeri Officials.

54. On or about June 26, 1998, Oily Rock shareholders approved an increase of Oily Rock's authorized share capital from \$150,000,000 to \$450,000,000.

55. On or about July 8, 1998, at an ORUSA board meeting in New York, New York, Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not

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named as a defendant herein, advised FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, that an additional 300,000,000 shares of Oily Rock had been authorized and would be issued.

### IX. Other Bribes

### Cash and Wire Transfers

56. From in or about mid-May 1998 through on or about June 25, 1998, bribes totaling more than \$11,000,000 were paid to the Azeri Officials as follows:

- millions of dollars in United States currency was hand-delivered to SPC Official #2 in his SPC office;
- \$3,000,000 was wired to two accounts held for the benefit of SPC Official #2;
- \$2,000,000 was wired to two accounts held for the benefit of the son of SPC Official #2;
- \$900,000 was wired to a client account maintained by Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, at Credit Suisse Zurich for the benefit of SPC Official #2.
- \$500,000 was wired to an account held for the benefit of SPC Official #1; and
- \$500,000 was wired to an account held for the benefit of a relative of SPC Official #1.

### Gifts of Jewelry and Luxury Items

57. On or about May 9, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, arranged for a representative of London jeweler Asprey & Garrard to travel from London to Baku, Azerbaijan and personally deliver six gifts worth approximately £386,750 (approximately \$630,480) to the SPC Officials and others in Baku on the occasion of the Senior Azeri Official's birthday on May 10, 1998. KOZENY preselected a black six-piece, monogrammed alligator desk set priced at £25,000 (approximately \$40,755.01), as a gift from himself to the Senior Azeri Official. The five remaining gifts were presented to the SPC Officials and others in order for each of them to select from among the gifts a present for the Senior Azeri Official. The SPC Officials and the others selected all five gifts, which included the following:

- a box (enameled flowers on lid) 18 carat yellow gold, multicolor enamel & diamond; worth £235,000 (approximately \$383,097.09);
- a bell push by Faberge 18 carat yellow gold, nephrite jade & cabochon ruby; worth £7,500 (approximately \$12,226.50);
- a bell push 18 carat gold; worth £30,000
  (approximately \$48,906.01);
- a triangular photo frame with clock 18 carat yellow gold, mother of pearl, tourmaline & enamel; worth £62,000 (approximately \$101,072.42); and
- a "daisy" necklace 18 carat white gold & gems; a "daisy" bracelet - 18 carat white gold & gems; and a pair of large "daisy" earrings - 18 carat white gold & amethyst; together worth £27,250 (approximately \$44,422.96).

58. On or about May 13, 1998, Minaret wired \$593,106.25 to Asprey & Garrard in London, the full sum due and owing for the items listed above, less credit for payment

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previously made for Kozeny's personal gift of the alligator desk set.

## Shopping Spree

59. On or about June 3, 1998, at the request of SPC Official #2, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused Oily Rock to wire approximately \$1,000,000 into a bank account for the benefit of the Senior Azeri Official's daughter, for the stated purpose of funding a shopping spree in London for the Senior Azeri Official's daughter.

# <u>Airfare</u>

60. From in or about March 1998, through in or about September 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, directed others known and unknown to the Grand Jury to arrange for the SPC Officials to travel by commercial airlines, and on private jets owned, leased or chartered by KOZENY. KOZENY paid the costs associated with these trips through Oily Rock and Minaret.

# Medical and Related Expenses

61. In or about early March 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, arranged for SPC Official #1 to receive medical treatment during a visit by SPC Official #1 to New York, New York. KOZENY, through Oily Rock or Minaret, paid

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all costs associated with SPC Official #1's medical treatment, and related hotel, meal and other expenses.

62. In or about May 1998, and in or about September 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, arranged for SPC Official #2 to receive medical treatment during his visits to New York. KOZENY, through Oily Rock or Minaret, paid all costs associated with SPC Official #2's visit for purposes of medical treatment, including related hotel, meal and shopping expenses. These shopping expenses were in part for the purchase by SPC Official #2 of designer clothing at a high-end department store located in the New York, New York metropolitan area.

### STATUTORY ALLEGATIONS

63. From in or about May 1997, up to and including in or about 1999, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to commit offenses against the United States; to wit, violations of (a) the FCPA, Title 15, United States Code, Section 78dd-2; and (b) the Travel Act, Title

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18, United States Code, Section 1952(a)(3)(A).

64. It was a part and object of the conspiracy that VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, being American citizens and "domestic concerns" as that term is defined in the FCPA, or being agents of "domestic concerns," would and did make use of the mails and any means and instrumentality of interstate commerce corruptly in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, and authorization of the payment of any money, and offer, gift, promise to give, and authorization of the giving of anything of value to foreign officials for purposes of (a) influencing acts and decisions of such foreign officials in their official capacity, (b) inducing such foreign officials to do and omit to do acts in violation of the lawful duty of such officials, and (c) inducing such foreign officials to use their influence with a foreign government and instrumentalities thereof to affect and influence acts and decisions of such government and instrumentality, in order to assist VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury in obtaining and retaining business for and with, and directing

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business to, any person, in violation of Title 15, United States Code, Section 78dd-2.

65. It was a further part and an object of the conspiracy that VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly, would and did travel in interstate and foreign commerce and use the mail and facilities in interstate and foreign commerce, with intent to otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, and facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, and carrying on of an unlawful activity, namely, violations of the anti-bribery provisions of the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2, and thereafter would and did perform and attempt to perform acts to otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, and facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, and carrying on, of such unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1952(a)(3)(A).

#### MEANS AND METHODS OF THE CONSPIRACY

66. Among the means and methods by which VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, carried out the objects of the

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conspiracy were the following:

a. VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, identified an investment opportunity in the Republic of Azerbaijan under a state program to privatize industries, potentially including the state oil company SOCAR.

b. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, in order to ensure KOZENY's and others' ability to participate in and realize profits from Azeri privatization, negotiated a deal with the Azeri Officials which provided to the Azeri Officials and members of their families: (1) a 2/3 interest in the investment and its profits; (2) financial benefits from the sale of privatization vouchers and realization of commissions and profits from those sales; and (3) cash, gifts, travel, lodging expenses, and other things of value.

c. VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Clayton Lewis and Hans Bodmer, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled on multiple occasions to Azerbaijan to review the investment opportunity.

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d. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, informed FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and Clayton Lewis, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, that KOZENY had given the Azeri Officials a personal financial interest in KOZENY's privatization investment in order to ensure the success of that investment.

e. Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, informed DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, that VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, had given the Azeri Officials a personal financial interest in KOZENY's privatization investment in order to ensure the success of that investment.

f. VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, wired and caused to be wired money from various financial institutions in New York, New York, and elsewhere to accounts at Hyposwiss for the purchase of vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

g. VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused money deposited in Hyposwiss accounts to be converted to United States currency and flown by KOZENY, Bodmer, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury,

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from Switzerland to Azerbaijan by private and charter jets for the purpose of, among other things, purchasing vouchers and options.

h. VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, purchased and caused to be purchased privatization vouchers from SPC Official #2 or individuals designated by SPC Official #2, resulting in profits and commissions for SPC Official #2 and members of his family.

i. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, paid or caused to be paid millions of dollars in United States currency to SPC Official #2 in his office at the SPC as part of an effort to bribe SPC Official #2 and the Azeri Officials generally.

j. VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, directed and caused to be directed that funds be wired to various bank accounts, including accounts in Switzerland and the Netherlands, for the benefit of the Azeri Officials and members of their families.

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k. VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer, and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, provided and caused to be provided gifts of jewelry and luxury items; medical care and services; first class and private jet travel; designer clothing; meal and lodging expenses, and other items of value to the Azeri Officials and members of their families.

#### OVERT ACTS

67. In furtherance of said conspiracy and to effect the illegal objects thereof, VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, committed the following overt acts, among others, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:

a. From on or about May 19, 1997, through on or about May 20, 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled together from Moscow, Russia to Baku, Azerbaijan aboard KOZENY's private jet to explore investment opportunities in Azerbaijan.

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b. On or about July 15, 1997, a law partner of Hans Bodmer flew to Baku by private plane carrying approximately \$5,000,000 in United States currency to fund VIKTOR KOZENY's, the defendant's, purchases of privatization vouchers in Azerbaijan.

c. In or about July 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, paid a middleman approximately \$10,000 in United States currency to arrange a meeting with an Azeri government official regarding privatization, and then met with an individual in the Presidential Apparatus Building in Baku to discuss KOZENY's participation in privatization in Azerbaijan.

d. In or about July 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, hired Azeri presidential security personnel to safeguard KOZENY's vouchers and options and to protect his voucher purchasing activities.

e. In or about July 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury made approximately thirty (30) separate "protection" payments, totaling more than \$1,000,000, to a Chechen individual in Baku, in order to safeguard KOZENY's voucher purchasing operations.

f. Between on or about August 14, 1997, and on or about August 17, 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and

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others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled with potential investors to Baku to discuss further investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

g. In or about August 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and at least one other person met in Baku with the Senior Azeri Official, the SOCAR Official, and SPC Official # 2.

h. In or about August 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, participated in meetings in Baku with the SOCAR Official and the SPC Officials.

i. On or about November 24, 1997, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, flew to London, England, to attend a meeting with the SOCAR Official that had been arranged by SPC Official #2.

j. On or about January 9, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, instructed Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, to wire \$1,000,000 to a bank account in the Netherlands for the benefit of an individual identified by SPC Official #2.

k. Between on or about January 11, 1998, and on or about January 14, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled with potential investors to Baku to discuss

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further investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

1. Between on or about February 5, 1998, and on or about February 6, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury traveled with potential investors to Baku to discuss further investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

m. On or about February 27, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury met with representatives of Omega and Pharos, at Omega and Pharos' offices in New York, New York, regarding a proposed investment with KOZENY and Oily Rock in Azeri privatization.

n. On or about March 2, 1998, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and members of his family and personal friends, invested approximately \$7,000,000, through a company called Blueport International, Ltd. in Oily Rock.

o. In or about early March 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, provided and paid for medical, hotel, meal, private jet, charter and commercial air travel expenses for SPC Official #1, who visited the New York, New York offices of two physicians for medical assessment and treatment.

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p. On or about March 10, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, directed Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to charter a jet to deliver more than \$5,000,000 in United States currency to Baku for the purpose of funding purchases of privatization vouchers and options.

q. On or about March 11, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, met with Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, at Omega's and Pharos' offices in New York, New York to discuss further the proposed investment by Omega and Pharos with KOZENY and Oily Rock in Azeri privatization.

r. Between on or about March 16, 1998, and on or about March 20, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled from New York, New York and elsewhere to Baku to meet with each other and with the Azeri Officials to discuss Azeri privatization and the proposed investment by Omega and Pharos with KOZENY and Oily Rock in Azeri privatization.

s. On or about March 19, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, caused Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, to send a facsimile letter outlining "a possible company structure which would be suitable to participate

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in the privatization program in Azerbaijan" to Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and other representatives of Omega and Pharos in New York, New York.

t. On or about March 25, 1998, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, sent a letter from Omega's and Pharos' offices in New York, New York, to Baku, addressed to the Senior Azeri Official advising him that Omega was "prepared to invest up to USD 100 million" in privatization, and requesting that the Senior Azeri Official grant Lewis and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury a meeting to discuss Omega's and Pharos' participation in privatization in Azerbaijan.

u. On or about March 26, 1998, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, telephoned DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, at AIG's offices in New York, New York, to propose an investment by AIG with Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret in privatization in Azerbaijan.

v. From on or about March 27, 1998 through on or about June 11, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused Omega to wire approximately \$126,000,000 from or through accounts in New York, New York to accounts in Switzerland, including accounts at Hyposwiss under the control of VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator

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not named as a defendant herein, for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

w. From on or about March 27, 1998 through on or about May 8, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused Pharos to wire approximately \$25,000,000 from accounts in New York, New York to an account at Hyposwiss under the control of Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

x. On or about March 30, 1998, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, met in New York, New York with Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, to discuss Omega's and Pharos' investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

y. On or about March 30, 1998, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, authorized Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and another law partner in von Meiss Blum & Partners, to wire \$25,000,000 held in a client account maintained by von Meiss Blum & Partners on Omega's behalf to Minaret in connection with the purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

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z. On or about April 1, 1998, Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, chartered a jet to transport from Zurich, Switzerland to Baku, Azerbaijan approximately \$21,000,000 in United States currency provided by Omega for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

aa. On or about April 1, 1998, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, and a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein met with Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, in New York, New York, to discuss further a proposed investment by AIG with Omega, Pharos and VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, in privatization in Azerbaijan.

bb. Between on or about April 2, 1998, and on or about April 4, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, met in Aspen, Colorado, at the homes of KOZENY and BOURKE, and elsewhere, to discuss further the investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

cc. On or about April 8, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused Omega to wire transfer \$55,000,000 from New York, New

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York, to an account at Hyposwiss to fund Omega's purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

dd. On or about April 15, 1998, Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, chartered a jet which carried from Zurich, Switzerland to Baku approximately \$20,000,000 in United States currency provided by Omega for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

ee. On or about April 24, 1998, and on or about April 25, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, Jr., the defendants, and Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer, and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, met in Baku for the official office opening of Minaret and to discuss further privatization in Azerbaijan.

ff. On or about April 30, 1998, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, and a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein sent an interoffice memorandum to various officers and employees of AIG regarding AIG's proposed investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

gg. Between in or about April 1998 and in or about June 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, directed Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, to open bank

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accounts for the benefit of certain of the Azeri Officials and their family members.

hh. Between on or about May 4, 1998, and on or about May 6, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled with potential investors to Baku to discuss further investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.

ii. On or about May 8, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, instructed Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, to wire \$100,000 to a bank account for the benefit of SPC Official #2.

jj. On or about May 9, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, arranged for a representative of London jeweler Asprey & Garrard to travel from London to Baku and personally deliver six gifts worth approximately £386,750 (approximately \$630,480) to the SPC Officials and others in Baku on the occasion of the Senior Azeri Official's birthday on May 10, 1998.

kk. Between on or about May 15, 1998, and on or about May 17, 1998, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, and a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein traveled to Cairo, Egypt, to attend a meeting with a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, who was an officer and investor in Oily Rock, regarding the proposed investment by AIG with Omega, Pharos and

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VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, in privatization in Azerbaijan.

11. In or about mid-May 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, instructed Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to deliver millions of dollars of United States currency to SPC Official #2 in his government office.

mm. Between in or about mid-May 1998 and on or about June 25, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, wired and caused to be wired approximately \$6,900,000 from bank accounts in Switzerland to bank accounts in various jurisdictions for the benefit of the SPC Officials and their relatives.

nn. Between on or about May 24, 1998, and on or about May 28, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, paid and caused to be paid medical, hotel, meal, designer clothing and other expenses for SPC Official # 2, during a visit to New York, New York.

oo. Between on or about June 8, 1998, and on or about June 11, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury,

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caused AIG to wire funds from New York, New York to accounts in Switzerland, including an account at Hyposwiss, for the purchase of approximately \$15,000,000 in Azeri privatization vouchers and options under AIG's Assumption Agreement and Co-Investment Agreement with Omega, Pharos, Oily Rock and Minaret.

pp. On or about July 1, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, wired and caused to be wired \$50,000, to a bank account in the United States for the benefit of SPC Official #2's son.

qq. On or about July 8, 1998, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, Clayton Lewis and Hans Bodmer, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, participated in an ORUSA board meeting conducted by conference call, hosted from Omega and Pharos' offices in New York, New York, wherein Bodmer advised the participants that the issuance of an additional 300,000,000 Oily Rock shares had been authorized.

rr. On or about July 10, 1998, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and members of his family and his personal friends, invested an additional approximately \$1,000,000, through a company called Blueport International, Ltd. in Oily Rock.

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ss. In or about September 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Thomas Farrell, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, paid and caused to be paid medical, hotel, meal, and other expenses for SPC Official # 2, during a visit to New York, New York.

tt. Between on or about January 15, 1999, and on or about January 17, 1999, Thomas Farrell, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, traveled from Russia to Baku to meet with SPC Official #2 in connection with the investment in privatization.

uu. Between on or about February 10, 1999, and on or about February 12, 1999, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, traveled from New York, New York, to Baku to meet with the Senior Azeri Official and the SPC Officials in connection with the investment in privatization.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.)

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## COUNTS TWO THROUGH THIRTEEN

#### (Violations of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act)

The Grand Jury further charges:

68. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62) and sixty-six (66) through sixty-seven (67) are repeated and realleged as if set forth in full herein.

69. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant(s) listed below, being American citizens and "domestic concerns," agents of "domestic concerns," and/or officers, directors and shareholders of "domestic concerns," as those terms are defined in the FCPA, made use of the mails and means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce corruptly in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay, and authorization of the payment of any money, and offer, gift, promise to give, and authorization of the giving of anything of value to foreign officials for purposes of (a) influencing acts and decisions of such foreign officials in their official capacity, (b) inducing such foreign officials to do and omit to do acts in violation of the lawful duty of such officials, and (c) inducing such foreign officials to use their influence with foreign governments and instrumentalities thereof to affect and influence acts and decisions of such governments and instrumentalities, in order to assist the defendant(s) listed below in obtaining and retaining

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business for and with, and directing business to, any person; to wit, the defendant(s) listed below participated in making unlawful offers, payments, promises to pay, and payment authorizations to Azeri government officials, including to the Azeri Officials directly and as payments to members of their families and friends, as described more fully in Count One above, and in furtherance thereof, used the following means and instrumentalities of interstate commerce to make or cause the making of the following offers, payments, promises to pay, and payment authorizations:

COUNT	DEFENDANT (s)	THING(s) OF VALUE	MEANS & INSTRUMENTALITIES	APPROX. DATE
2	KOZENY	\$10,000 paid to unidentified Azeri government official	Airplane transport of cash	July 1997
3	KOZENY	"Two-thirds Transfer"	Various, including flights, faxes and telephone calls	August 1997
4	KOZENY, BOURKE	Medical, hotel, meal, private jet, charter and commercial air travel expenses for SPC Official #1	Various, including flights, faxes, telephone calls and wire transfers	Early March 1998
5	KOZENY, BOURKE, PINKERTON	Commissions on voucher purchases to SPC Official #2	Various, including telephone calls, faxes and wire transfers	August 1997 - July 1998
6	KOZENY	\$100,000 wire payment to SPC Official #2	Various, including wire transfer	May 8, 1998

7	KOZENY	Jewelry and luxury items worth approximately £386,750 (\$630,480) from London jeweler Asprey & Garrard to the SPC Officials for the benefit of the Senior Azeri Official	Various, including wire transfer and airplane transport of things of value	May 9, 1998
8	KOZENY	Millions of dollars in U.S. currency to SPC Official #2	Airplane transport of cash	mid-May 1998
9	KOZENY	Approximately \$6,900,000 in wire transfers to accounts for the benefit of the SPC Officials and relatives of the SPC Officials	Various, including wire transfers	mid-May 1998 - June 25, 1998
10	KOZENY , BOURKE	Medical, hotel, meal, designer clothing and other personal expenses for SPC Official #2	Various, including wire transfer	May 24- 28, 1998
11	KOZENY , BOURKE	Medical, hotel, meal and other personal expenses for SPC Official #2	Various, including flights, faxes, telephone calls and wire transfers	Sept. 1998
12	KOZENY, BOURKE	"Two-thirds Share Capital Increase"	Various, including faxes and telephone calls	June- July, 1998
13	KOZENY	\$50,000 wire transfer to United States bank account of son of SPC Official #2	Various, including wire transfer	July 1, 1998

(Title 15, United States Code, Section 78dd-2 and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.)

# COUNTS FOURTEEN THROUGH TWENTY

# (Violations of the Travel Act)

The Grand Jury further charges:

70. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62) and

sixty-six (66) through sixty-seven (67) are repeated and

realleged as if set forth in full herein.

71. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant(s) listed below, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly, would and did travel in interstate and foreign commerce and use the mails and facilities in interstate commerce, with intent to otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, and facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, and carrying on of unlawful activity, namely, violations of the anti-bribery provisions of the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-2, and thereafter would and did perform and attempt to perform acts to otherwise promote, manage, establish, carry on, and facilitate the promotion, management, establishment, and carrying on, of such unlawful activity; to wit, the defendant(s) listed below traveled and/or transferred money by means of interstate wires, as set forth below, in furtherance of the bribery scheme described more fully in Count One above, and thereafter performed additional acts to promote and carry on that bribery scheme:

COUNT	DEFENDANT (s)	TRAVEL/WIRE TRANSFER	APPROX. DATE
14	KOZENY	KOZENY traveled from the Bahamas to New York, New York, to meet with representatives of Omega and Pharos regarding proposed investment in Azeri privatization.	Feb. 24-28, 1998

15	KOZENY BOURKE	KOZENY and BOURKE caused approximately \$7,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred from a bank account in the British Virgin Islands, through a bank account in New York, New York to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options.	March 2, 1998
16	KOZENY	KOZENY traveled from Washington, D.C. to New York, New York, to meet with Clayton Lewis and others at Omega and Pharos' offices regarding proposed investment in Azeri privatization.	March 11, 1998
17	KOZENY	KOZENY caused Omega and Pharos to send several sets of payment instructions from Omega and Pharos' offices in New York, New York to facilitate the transfer of more than \$151,000,000 from banks in New York, New York, into Switzerland and thereafter Azerbaijan for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options.	March 27 - June 11, 1998
18	PINKERTON	PINKERTON traveled from New York, New York, to Cairo, Egypt, to attend a meeting with an officer and investor in Oily Rock regarding AIG's proposed investment in privatization in Azerbaijan.	May 15-17, 1998
19	KOZENY PINKERTON	KOZENY and PINKERTON caused AIG to wire funds from New York, New York, to Switzerland for the purchase of approximately \$15,000,000 in Azeri privatization vouchers and options.	June 8-11, 1998

20	KOZENY BOURKE	KOZENY and BOURKE caused \$1,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred through a bank account in New York, New York to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland for the purchase of privatization vouchers and options.	July 10, 1998
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(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1952 and 2.)

# COUNT TWENTY-ONE

## (Money Laundering Conspiracy)

The Grand Jury further charges:

72. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62) and sixty-six (66) through sixty-seven (67) are repeated and realleged as if set forth in full herein.

73. From in or about March 1998, up to and including in or about September 1998, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate and agree together and with each other to violate Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a) (2) (A).

74. It was a part and an object of the money laundering conspiracy that VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer

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and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, in an offense involving and affecting interstate and foreign commerce, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly would and did transport, transmit, and transfer, and attempt to transport, transmit, and transfer, monetary instruments and funds from a place in the United States to and through a place outside the United States, with the intent to promote the carrying on of specified unlawful activity; to wit, felony violations of the FCPA, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(2)(A).

### MEANS AND METHODS OF THE MONEY LAUNDERING CONSPIRACY

75. Among the means and methods by which VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, Clayton Lewis, and Thomas Farrell, coconspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, carried out the objects of the money laundering conspiracy were the following:

a. VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, invested and caused to be invested more than \$174,000,000 in the purchase of vouchers and options as part of the privatization program in Azerbaijan.

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b. VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Clayton Lewis, Hans Bodmer and Thomas Farrell, co-conspirators not named as defendants herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, transmitted and caused to be transmitted investment funds by wire transfer directly from bank accounts in New York, New York or through correspondent banks in New York, New York, to bank accounts in Zurich, Switzerland and Jersey, Channel Islands, for the purpose of purchasing vouchers and options in Azerbaijan.

#### OVERT ACTS

76. In furtherance of said conspiracy and to effect the illegal objects thereof, the following overt acts, among others, were committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:

a. On or about March 2, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC A. BOURKE, JR., the defendants, Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused approximately \$7,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred from a bank account in the British Virgin Islands, through a bank account in New York, New York, to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland, under the control of KOZENY and Bodmer.

b. On or about April 8, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY, the defendant, and Clayton Lewis, a co-conspirator not named as a

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defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused approximately \$55,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred from bank accounts in New York, New York, to bank accounts in Zurich, Switzerland, under the control of KOZENY and Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein.

c. From on or about June 8, 1998 through on or about June 11, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and DAVID PINKERTON, the defendants, Hans Bodmer, a co-conspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused approximately \$15,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred from a bank account in New York, New York to bank accounts in Zurich, Switzerland under the control of KOZENY and Bodmer.

d. On or about July 10, 1998, VIKTOR KOZENY and FREDERIC A. BOURKE, JR., the defendants, and Hans Bodmer, a coconspirator not named as a defendant herein, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, caused approximately \$1,000,000 in investment funds to be wire transferred through a bank account in New York, New York to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland, under the control of KOZENY and Bodmer.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(h).)

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## COUNTS TWENTY-TWO THROUGH TWENTY-FIVE

### (Money Laundering)

The Grand Jury further charges:

77. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62), sixtysix (66) through sixty-seven (67), and seventy-five (75) through seventy-six (76) are repeated and realleged as if set forth in full herein.

78. On or about the dates set forth below, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendant(s) listed below, in an offense involving and affecting interstate and foreign commerce, unlawfully, willfully, and knowingly would and did transport, transmit, and transfer, and attempt to transport, transmit, and transfer, monetary instruments and funds from a place in the United States to and through a place outside the United States, with the intent to promote the carrying on of a specified unlawful activity, that is, violations of the FCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 78dd-1 *et seq.*; to wit, the defendant(s) listed below caused investment funds to be wire transferred from or through the United States to places outside the United States, as set forth below, in furtherance of the bribery scheme described more fully in Count One above:

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COUNT	DEFENDANT (s)	WIRE TRANSFER	APPROX. DATE
22	KOZENY BOURKE	Approximately \$7,000,000 in investment funds wire transferred from a bank account in the British Virgin Islands, through a bank account in New York, New York to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland	March 2, 1998
23	KOZENY	Approximately \$55,000,000 in investment funds wire transferred from bank accounts in New York, New York to bank accounts in Zurich, Switzerland	April 8, 1998
24	KOZENY PINKERTON	Approximately \$15,000,000 in investment funds wire transferred from a bank account in New York, New York to bank accounts in Zurich, Switzerland	June 8-11, 1998
25	KOZENY BOURKE	Approximately \$1,000,000 in investment funds wire transferred through a bank account in New York, New York to a bank account in Zurich, Switzerland	July 10, 1998

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1956(a)(2)(A) and 2.)

# COUNT TWENTY-SIX

# (False Statements)

The Grand Jury further charges:

79. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62), sixtysix (66) through sixty-seven (67), and seventy-five (75) through seventy-six (76) are repeated and realleged as if set forth in full herein. 80. Between on or about April 26, 2002, and on or about May 23, 2002, in the Southern District of New York, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., the defendant, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly did make materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and representations in a matter within the jurisdiction of the executive branch of the Government of the United States; to wit, in an interview conducted on four separate days with, among others, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, BOURKE falsely stated in substance that he was not aware that VIKTOR KOZENY had made payments to Azeri government officials, when in fact, BOURKE well knew and believed that KOZENY had made various bribe payments to the Azeri Officials.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.)

### COUNT TWENTY-SEVEN

#### (False Statements)

The Grand Jury further charges:

81. Paragraphs one (1) through sixty-two (62), sixtysix (66) through sixty-seven (67), and seventy-five (75) through seventy-six (76) are repeated and realleged as if set forth in full herein.

82. Between on or about February 12, 2002, and on or about March 22, 2002, in the Southern District of New York, DAVID PINKERTON, the defendant, unlawfully, willfully and knowingly did make materially false, fictitious and fraudulent statements and

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representations in a matter within the jurisdiction of the executive branch of the Government of the United States; to wit, in an interview conducted on four separate days with, among others, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, PINKERTON stated in substance that he was not aware that the Senior Azeri Official had a financial interest in VIKTOR KOZENY's investment in Azeri privatization, namely Oily Rock, when in fact, as PINKERTON then and there well knew and believed, the Senior Azeri Official did have such a financial interest.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001.)

### FORFEITURE ALLEGATION

83. As the result of committing one or more of the money laundering offenses in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956, alleged in Counts 21 through 25 of the Indictment, defendants VIKTOR KOZENY, FREDERIC BOURKE, JR., and DAVID PINKERTON shall forfeit to the United States pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982, all property, real and personal, involved in the money laundering offenses and all property traceable to such property, including but not limited to the following:

a. A sum of money equal to \$174,000,000 in United States currency, in that such sum in aggregate is property which was involved in the money laundering offenses or is traceable to such property, for which the defendants are jointly and severally liable, including but not limited to:

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(i) A sum of money equal to \$7,000,000 in United States currency, in that such sum is property, which was involved in the money laundering offenses charged in Counts 21 and 22, or is traceable to such property, for which the defendants are jointly and severally liable;

(ii) A sum of money equal to \$55,000,000 in United States currency, in that such sum is property, which was involved in the money laundering offenses charged in Counts 21 and 23, or is traceable to such property, for which the defendants are jointly and severally liable;

(iii) A sum of money equal to \$15,000,000 in United States currency, in that such sum is property which was involved in the money laundering offenses charged in Counts 21 and 24, or is traceable to such property, for which the defendants are jointly and severally liable;

(iv) A sum of money equal to \$1,000,000 in United States currency, in that such sum is property, which was involved in the money laundering offenses charged in Counts 21 and 25, or is traceable to such property, for which the defendants are jointly and severally liable; and

(v) Any and all right, title, and interest in the proceeds of the sale of the real property and appurtenances known as the Peak House, 2137 Red Mountain, Aspen, Colorado, and various personalty and furnishings located at the Peak House; to

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wit, approximately \$20 million in United States currency, which is currently under court-ordered restraint in the matter of <u>National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA, et al.</u> v. <u>Viktor Kozeny, et al.</u>, 00-B383, a civil action pending in the District of Colorado.

## Substitute Assets Provision

b. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant(s):

(i) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;

(ii) has been transferred or sold to, ordeposited with, a third party;

(iii) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of
the court;

(iv) has been substantially diminished in value;or

(v) has been commingled with other property whichcannot be divided without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 982(b), to seek forfeiture of any other property of said defendant(s) up to the value of the forfeitable property described above, including but not limited to the following:

(i) Any and all right, title, and interest in the real property and appurtenances known as the Calypso House,

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Edgewater Drive, Lyford Cay, New Providence, Bahamas;

(ii) Any and all right, title, and interest in the real property and appurtenances known as 17 Fort Hill Lane,Greenwich, Connecticut;

(iii) Any and all right, title, and interest in the real property and appurtenances known as 2131 Red Mountain Road SE, Aspen, Colorado 81611;

(iv) Any and all right, title, and interest in the real property and appurtenances known as 181 Peabody Drive, Seal Harbor, ME 04675;

(v) Any and all right, title, and interest in the real property and appurtenances known as 117-3 Ballantine Road, Bernardsville, NJ 07924.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 982 and 1956.)

FOREPF

United States Attorney